



# **MANUAL**





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# **Contents**

1.	Abou	t This Manual	1
	1.1	Validity	1
	1.2	Target Group	1
	1.3	Symbol Used	1
	1.4	How to Use This Manual	1
2.	Safet	y Information	2
	2.1	Personnel Requirements	2
	2.2	Inverter Safety	2
	2.3	Battery Safety	3
	2.4	Installation Safety	3
	2.5	Electrical Safety	3
	2.6	Maintenance and Replacement	4
3.	Produ	uct Introduction	5
	3.1	Function Description	5
	3.2	System Architecture	5
	3.3	Product Overview	6
	3.4	Work Modes	8
4.	Unpa	cking and Storage	11
	4.1	Packing List	11
	4.2	Identify the Inverter	13
	4.3	Storage of Inverter	14
5.	Mech	anical Installation	15
	5.1	Installation Requirements	15
	5.2	Mounting Instruction	16
6.	Electi	rical Connection	23
	6.1	Wiring Diagram	24

	6.2	External Grounding Connection26		
	6.3	Grid Connection27		
	6.4	EPS Loads Connection		
	6.5	PV Cable Connection		
	6.6	Battery Connection32		
	6.7	WIFI / 4G Connection (Optional)38		
	6.8	DRM Connection		
	6.9	Multi COM Terminal Connection40		
	6.10	Installation Verification45		
7.	Syster	m Operation46		
	7.1	LEDs Display46		
	7.2	System Commissioning48		
	7.3	System Decommissioning49		
8.	APP C	Operation50		
	8.1 User interface on the APP			
	8.2 WI-FI Configuration			
	gister an account51			
	eate a site and add the inverter to the site52			
	8.5 Settings on the APP5			
9.	Troub	eshooting and Maintenance58		
9.1 Troubleshooting				
9.2 Maintenance				
	9.3 Removing the Inverter			
	9.4 Disposal of the Inverter			
10.	Techn	ical Data62		
11.	. Disclaimer64			

## 1. About This Manual

Thank you for choosing our low-voltage hybrid inverter. This manual mainly describes the product information, guidelines for assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. The manual cannot include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system.

## 1.1 Validity

This manual is valid for the following models: Hyper 3000, Hyper 3680, Hyper 4600, Hyper 5000

# 1.2 Target Group

This manual is intended for qualified persons and inverter owners. All activities described in the document may only be carried out by specially trained personnel in compliance with standards, wiring rules and the requirements of local grid authorities or companies. Moreover, they must also understand basic safety precautions and with the knowledge of how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing, repairing and using electrical devices and batteries.

# 1.3 Symbol Used

Safety instructions will be highlighted with the following symbols.

Symbol	Description	
<b>⚠</b> DANGER	Indicates a hazard with a high level of risk that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.	
<b>⚠ WARNING</b>	Indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.	
<b>⚠</b> CAUTION	Indicates a hazard with a low level of risk that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.	
NOTICE	Indicates a situation that, if not avoided, could result in equipment or property damage.	

#### 1.4 How to Use This Manual

Read the manual and other related documents before performing any operation on the inverter. Documents must be stored carefully and be available at all times.

Notes: This user manual is subject to change (specific please in kind prevail) without prior notice. Please check www.livoltek.com for more information.

# 2. Safety Information

- The inverter has been designed and tested strictly in accordance with international safety regulations. As with all electronic equipment, there are residual risks despite careful construction.
- Read all safety instructions carefully prior to any work and observe them at all times when working on or with the inverter to prevent personal injury and property damage and to ensure long-term operation of the inverter.
- Ensure that the equipment is used in environments that meet its design specifications. Otherwise, the equipment may become faulty, and the resulting equipment malfunction, component damage, personal injuries, or property damage are not covered under the warranty.
- Follow local laws and regulations when installing, operating, or maintaining the equipment. The safety instructions in this document are only supplements to local laws and regulations.

## 2.1 Personnel Requirements

- The inverter must be installed, electrically connected, operated and maintained by specially trained and qualified electrician.
- The qualified persons who plan to install or maintain LIVOLTEK equipment must receive thorough training, understand all necessary safety precautions, and be able to correctly perform all operations.

# 2.2 Inverter Safety

#### **↑** DANGER

# Danger to life due to electric shock when live components are touched on opening the product

- High voltages are present in the live parts and cables inside the product during operation. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock
- Do not open the inverter cover or change any components without manufacturer's authorization. Otherwise, the warranty for the inverter will be invalid.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### Danger to life due to fire or explosion

- In rare cases, an explosive gas mixture can be generated inside the product under fault conditions. In this state, switching operations can cause a fire inside the product or explosion. Death or lethal injuries due to hot or flying debris can result.
- In the event of a fault, do not perform any direct actions on the product.
- Ensure that unauthorized persons have no access to the product.
- Only perform work on the product when wearing personal protective equipment for handling of hazardous substances.
- Wait at least 10 minutes for the internal capacitors to discharge after the battery is powered off.

- Ensure that there is no voltage or current before installing or disconnecting any connectors.
- All safety instructions, warning labels, and nameplate on the inverter should not be removed or covered.

#### **↑** CAUTION

## Risk of burns due to hot components! Avoid any unnecessary touching!

• Do not touch any hot parts (such as the heat sink) during operation. Only the DC switch can safely be touched at any time.

# 2.3 Battery Safety

### **↑** DANGER

#### Danger to life from electric shock due to live DC cables at the battery.

The DC cables connected to a battery may be live. Touching the DC conductors or the live components leads to lethal electric shocks.

- Do not touch non-insulated cable ends.
- Do not touch any live components.
- Observe all safety information of the battery manufacturer.
- Prior to performing any work on the inverter or the battery, disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources as described in this document.
- If an error occurs, have it rectified by qualified persons only.

#### **↑** WARNING

## Risk of burns due to electric arcs

- Short-circuit currents in the battery can cause heat build-up and electric arcs.
- Disconnect the battery from all voltages sources prior to performing any work on the battery.

# 2.4 Installation Safety

## NOTICE

- As soon as receiving the inverter please check if it is damaged during its transportation. If yes, please contact your dealer immediately.
- Adequate ventilation must be provided for inverter installation location.
- Mount the inverter in vertical direction, and ensure that no objects block the heat dissipation.
- The safety instructions in this manual cannot cover all the precautions that should be followed. Perform operations considering actual onsite conditions.
- LIVOLTEK shall not be held liable for any damage caused by violation of the safety instructions in this manual.

# 2.5 Electrical Safety

#### **△** DANGER

• Before installing the inverter check all electrical ports to ensure no damage and no short circuit, otherwise personal casualty and or fire will occur.

- Input terminals of the PV inverter apply only to input terminals of PV String do not connect any other DC source to the input terminals.
- Before connecting PV Arrays ensure that is its voltage is within the safe range.
- Before touching the DC cables, operator must use a measuring device to ensure that the cable is voltage-free.
- The operator must follow all warnings on the PV strings and in its manual.
- All electrical connections must be in accordance with local and national standards. Only with the permission of the local utility grid company, the inverter can be connected to the utility grid.

# 2.6 Maintenance and Replacement

#### **↑** DANGER

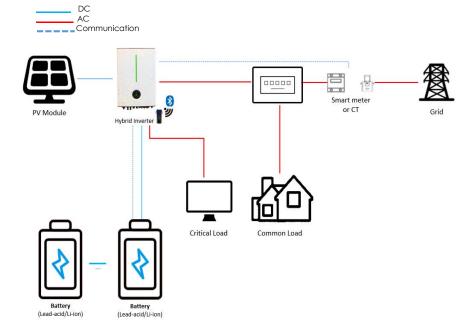
- High voltage generated by the equipment during operation may cause an electric shock, which could result in death, serious injury, or serious property damage. Prior to maintenance, power off the equipment and strictly comply with the safety precautions in this document and relevant documents.
- Maintain the equipment with sufficient knowledge of this document and using proper tools and testing equipment.
- Before maintaining the equipment, power it off and follow the instructions on the delayed discharge label to ensure that the equipment is powered off.
- Turn off the AC and DC switches of the inverter when maintaining the electric equipment or power distribution equipment connected the inverter.
- For personal safety maintenance personnel must wear appropriate personal protective equipment (like insulation gloves and protective shoes) for the inverter maintenance.
- Place temporary warning signs or erect fences to prevent unauthorized access to the maintenance site.
- Follow the procedures of maintenance stipulated in the manual strictly.
- Check the relevant safety and performance of the inverter rectify any faults that may compromise the inverter security performance before restarting the inverter.
- To avoid any other unforeseeable risk, contact immediately your dealer, if there is any issue found during operation.
- The equipment can be powered on only after all faults are rectified. Failing to do so may escalate faults or damage the equipment.

# 3. Product Introduction

# 3.1 Function Description

- LIVOLTEK Hyper Series is a single-phase hybrid inverter applicable to both on-grid and off-grid solar system with participation of PV array, battery, loads and grid system for energy management.
- The energy produced by PV system shall be used to optimize self-consumption, excess power can charge battery for future use or feed-in to public grid.
- In addition, to meet the increasing prevalence of EVs, this hybrid inverter allows you
  to use solar panels to charge your electric car, helping you find ways to save energy
  and money.

# 3.2 System Architecture



# 3.3 Product Overview

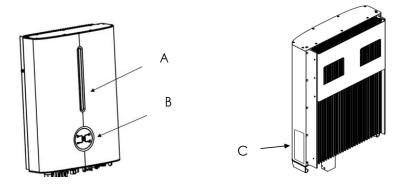


Figure 1. Appearance

Position	Designation	
	Battery SOC indicator: Indicates the SOC status of the connected	
A	lithium battery.	
В	Inverter LED indicator: Displays the current operating status of the	
	inverter	
С	Nameplate Label: Clearly identify the product, including the SN,	
	technical data, certifications, etc.	

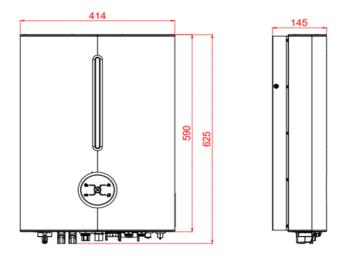


Figure 2. Dimension

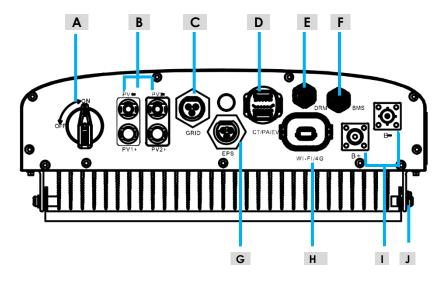


Figure 3. Terminals on the inverter

Position	Description
Α	DC Switch (Optional)
В	PV Inputs(one or two pairs, depending on the model)
С	Grid output for connection to the utility grid
D	Multi COM Port for CT/PA/EV connection
Е	DRM Port
F	BMS Port
G	EPS Output for backup loads
Н	Communication Port for Wi-Fi /4G (Optional) Stick
I	Battery Connectors
J	Additional Grounding terminal

# 3.4 Work Modes

The hybrid inverter offers four operating modes (Self-use, Self-define, backup and off-grid) that can be configured via LIVOLTEK APP for you to determine which mode will be best for you.

Modes	Description		
Self-Use (Default)	•The energy produced by the PV system will go for loads consumption first, the inverter will charge surplus PV energy into the battery & discharge battery to supply power to critical load when PV energy is not enough.		
<b>₹</b>	<ul><li>Suitable for areas with the low import rate and high electricity price.</li><li>The purpose of this mode is to maximize the solar energy</li></ul>		
	usage and lower the power import from the grid.		
Self-Define	•Charging or discharging the battery using timed schedules. During the non-set time period, it will work in selfuse mode.		
	•Suitable for areas with time of use tariffs which means prices vary between peak and valley.		
Backup Mode	• When the grid is functional the battery is kept full capacity and will only be allowed to discharge when a power outage occurs.		
	•Suitable for areas with unstable grid to prolong the autonomy in the event of grid outage.		
	•Or reducing the frequency charging & discharging of battery to extend battery life.		
Off-grid Mode	Suitable for non-grid areas, and the inverter will automatic activation this mode in the event of grid failure.		
	•The critical loads will be powered by PV production and Battery (Battery is necessary in this mode.)		

#### 3.4.1 On-Grid Self-Use Mode

#### When PV, grid, battery is available:

- •If PV production ≥ Load consumption, PV production will go for loads consumption first, the excess energy will be stored in the battery, and then exported to gird if needed and configured that way \*1.
- •If PV production < Load consumption, the battery will discharge only for loads consumption until reaches its power limit\*2.
- •If PV production + Battery < consumption, the system will import power from the grid to power the loads, not for battery charge.
- •The power switch between PV production, battery and grid is automatic and seamless.

## ♦ When PV, grid is available (without battery):

- •If PV production ≥ Load consumption, PV production will go for loads consumption first, then the excess will export to the grid.
- •If PV production < consumption, the system will import power from the grid to power the loads, not for battery charge  $^{*3}$ .

#### When PV, battery is available (Grid is disconnected):

•In the event of a grid failure or there is no mains, the hybrid inverter automatically switches to Off-grid operation mode.

The off-gird mode ensures that the system forms a battery-backup grid that utilize power from PV production and battery to supply power to critical loads.

•The switch time in the system is less than 20ms from one mode to another.

#### Notes:

- \*1: The inverter offers an export limitation function for you to decide whether you have a grid limitation, and specify its value via LIVOLTEK APP. The export power should not be more than the limit value set in commissioning
- \*2: The battery will stop to discharge when the value is lower than the discharge cut-off SOC of lithium batteries or discharge cut-off voltage of lead-acid batteries, which is available for setting. And the battery power supply can be restored when the battery is charged to the "set value +10%" by solar.
- \*3: The battery will be charged only when PV production is sufficient.

#### 3.4.2 On-Grid Self-Define Mode

On-Grid Self-Define Mode also called Time-of-use Mode. When operating in this mode, the charging and discharging time can be set flexibly according to your wishes, and it also allows to choose whether charge from the grid or not<sup>\*1</sup>. This mode is ideal for those who want to store the power into the battery when the electricity price is in the off-peak rate and use the power in peak rate time or save the energy for blackout.

#### When PV, grid, battery is available:

•During charge time, solar energy and grid will charge battery  $^{*2}$  as first priority at the same time, the excess solar energy will go for loads consumption and exported to gird if needed and configured that way.

- •During discharge time, PV production will go for loads consumption first, battery and excess solar energy will export to the grid\*3 at the same time.
- •During the period of no charge or discharge, the inverter will automatically work in the Self-Use mode.

#### When grid, battery is available (PV is disconnected):

- During charge time, grid will charge battery and supply power to the connected loads at the same time.
- •During discharge time, battery will discharge to EPS loads first, then the excess energy will export to the grid.

#### Notes:

- \*1: Firmware update may be required to support this mode.
- \*2: You can choose whether to import from the grid to charge the battery via the LIVOLTEK APP.
- \*3: You can choose whether to export to the grid from the battery via the LIVOLTEK APP.

## 3.4.3 On-Grid Backup Mode

- •When operating in this mode, solar energy and grid will fully charge battery as first priority at the same time.
- •The loads will be supplied by the surplus solar production supplemented, if necessary by the public electricity grid. The battery will be used only when the grid failure.

#### NOTICE

•If set zero feed-in, the system will not export power to grid when work on the mode of self-use, self-define or backup. But a small amount of energy will still inevitably be fed into grid due to unpredictable PV energy change and load fluctuations.

#### 3.4.4 Off-Grid Mode

When operating in this mode, Photovoltaic and battery constitute a pure off-grid system, the critical loads (EPS Loads) will be powered by PV production and if the PV production is insufficient, battery will discharge to power the loads at the same time. (Battery is necessary in this mode.)

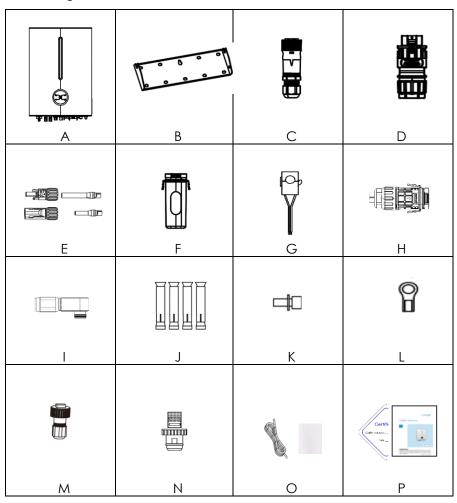
#### NOTICE

- When battery is discharged to the discharge cut-off value (@EPS), the inverter will stop working and wait for the grid to recover or until there is sufficient power from PV panels to charge the battery.
- •If grid failure is a common occurrence in your area, it is recommended to adjust the discharge cut-off value (@Grid) higher to ensure there is more battery power available.

# 4. Unpacking and Storage

The inverter is thoroughly tested and strictly inspected before delivery. Damage may still occur during shipping. Please check the outer packing for damage and the inner contents for any visible damage. Contact your distributor immediately in case of any damaged or missing components.

# 4.1 Packing List



Position	QTY	Designation	
Α	1	Inverter	
В	1	Inverter Bracket (for Split Application)	
С	1	EPS Plug for backup loads (critical Loads)	
D	1	AC Plug for Grid	
E	2 or 4	Positive & Negative PV Plugs (One pair for 3kW, Two pairs for 3.68~5kW)	
F	1	Wi-Fi & Bluetooth integrated Stick	
G	1	CT (Current Transformer) & CT cable	
Н	1	16pin Multi COM connector for CT/Parallel/EV charger	
1	2	Positive & Negative BAT Plugs (one pair)	
J	4	Expansion bolts for Wall-mounting Bracket (for Split Application)	
К	1	Screws for Fixing Mounting Bracket	
L	1	PE terminal	
М	1	Water-proof RJ45 Connector for BMS (for Li-ion battery)	
N	1	Water-proof RJ45 Connector for DRM port	
0	1	NTC cable (Temperature sensor for Lead-acid battery) & PVC tape for NTC cable	
Р	3	Documents (User Manual & Quick Guide & Certificate)	

**Notes:** If anything is missing, please contact your local distributor.

# 4.2 Identify the Inverter

# 4.2.1 Nameplate

After moving the hybrid inverter from package, identify it by reading its nameplate labeled on the side of the inverter. The nameplate contains important product information: the model information, technical specifications and compliance symbols.

# 4.2.2 Compliance and Safety Symbols

Symbol	Symbol Explanation		
CE	CE marking The product complies with the requirements of the applicable EU directives.		
UK CA	UKCA marking The inverter complies with the requirements of the applicable UKCA guidelines.		
UK NI	UKNI marking The inverter complies with the requirements of the applicable UKNI guidelines.		
	Caution! Beware of a danger zone! Failure to observe any warnings contained in this manual may result in injury.		
	Danger! Beware of hot surface! The inverter can become hot during operation.		
4	Danger! Beware of high voltage and electric shock!  Beware of electrical voltage, the product operates at high voltages.		
	Observe the documentation. Observe all documentation supplied with the product.		
	WEEE designation.  Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.		
A C.	Danger to life due to high voltage and electric shock!  There are residual voltages in the inverter after powering off, you should wait at least 5mins after disconnecting the inverter from the utility grid and from the PV panel before touching any inner live parts.		

# 4.3 Storage of Inverter

The following requirements should be met if the inverter will not be deployed immediately:

- Do not unpack the inverter (put desiccant in the original box if the inverter is unpacked).
- •Store the inverter at a temperature range of -30 $^{\circ}$  C to +70 $^{\circ}$  C, and with the relative humidity of 0% to 100% (no condensing).
- •In case of stacking storage, the number of stacking layers should never exceed the limit marked on the outer side of the packing case.
- •The inverter should be stored in a clean and dry place and be protected from dust and water vapor corrosion.
- Do not position the inverter at a front or excessive back or side tilt, or upside down.
- •Conduct periodic inspection during storage. Replace the packing materials immediately if any rodent bites are found.
- •Ensure that qualified personnel inspect and test the inverter before use if it has been stored for a long time.

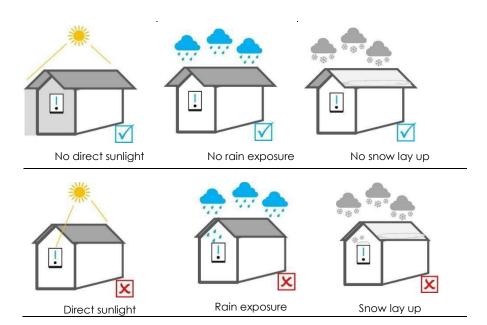
# 5. Mechanical Installation

# 5.1 Installation Requirements

## NOTICE

- Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation.
- In order to avoid electric shock or other injury, make sure that holes will not be drilled over any electricity or plumbing installations.
- Always follow the instructions when moving or positioning the inverter.
- Improper operation may cause injuries or serious wounds. In the case of poor ventilation, the system performance may compromise.

# 5.1.1 Location Requirements



#### Notes:

- Select an optimal mounting location for safe operation, long service life and expected performance.
- AVOIDE direct sunlight, rain exposure, snow laying up during installation and operation.
- DO NOT install the inverter in a place where personnel are likely to come into contact with its enclosure and heat sinks because these parts are extremely hot during operation.

## 5.1.2 Environment Requirements

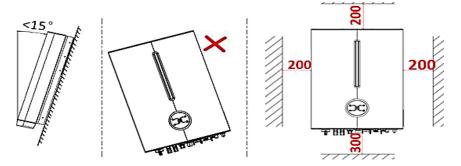
The inverter must be installed in a ventilated environment to ensure good heat dissipation. Make sure the installation meets the following conditions:

- •Not in areas where highly flammable materials are stored.
- Not in potential explosive areas.
- •Not in the cool air directly.
- Not near the television antenna or antenna cable.
- Not higher than altitude of about 2000m above sea level.
- •Not in environment of precipitation or humidity (>95%).
- •The slope of the wall should be within ±5°.
- •The wall must be solid enough to bear the weight of the inverter.
- •Do not install the inverter on a wall made of gypsum boards or similar materials with weak sound insulation to avoid noise disturbance in a residential area.

# 5.1.3 Angle and Space Requirements

#### NOTICE

- Never install the inverter horizontally, or with a forward tilt or with a backward tilt or even with upside down. The horizontal installation can result in damage to the inverter.
- Install the inverter upright or at a maximum back tilt of 15 degrees to facilitate heat dissipation.



# 5.2 Mounting Instruction

#### Two types of Applications:

- There are two ways for hybrid inverter to be installed with battery. One called "Split Application" and the other called "All-in-one Application".
- For Split Application, the inverter can be connected with low voltage lithium battery or Lead-acid battery.
- For All-in-one Application, the inverter must be connected with LIVOLTEK lithium battery.
   And there are three units (inverter, battery and middle cover kit) packaged separately.
   Please check and contact your distributor immediately in case of any damaged or missing components.

#### Installation Tools

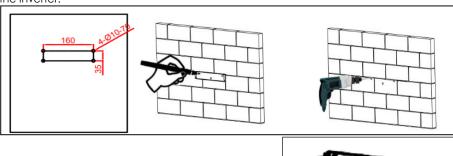
Installation tools recommended but not limited to the following ones.



# 5.2.1 Mounting the Inverter (Split Application)

## Step1: Drill holes on the wall

- Take out the wall-mounting Bracket from the inverter package.
- Locate the appropriate drilling holes and mark it with a marker pen (Using a digital level to make sure the bracket is at a horizontal position before installation.)
- Drill holes with driller, make sure the holes are deep enough (at least 70mm) to support the inverter.



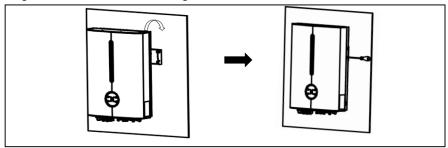
#### Step 2: Secure the mounting bracket on the wall

• Use expansion bolts or correct wall fixings to attach the mounting bracket to the wall tightly.



## Step 3: Install the inverter on the mounting bracket

• Hang the inverter onto the mounting bracket and lock the side with screw.



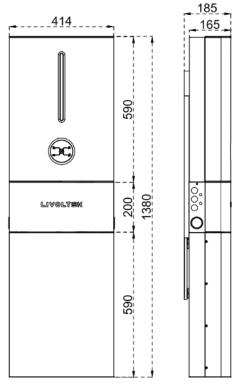
# Step 4: Installation Self-check

- Ensure the inverter is well fixed;
- Ensure DC-switch is switched to OFF.

# 5.2.2 Mounting the All-in-one System

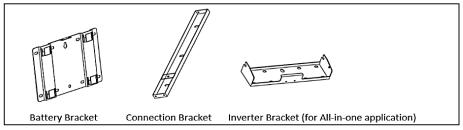
## Step1: Choose a location

- Choose an appropriate location capable of supporting the full weight (>90kg) and height of All-in-one system.
- Be sure to choose a flat wall.



#### Step 2: Take out the Brackets

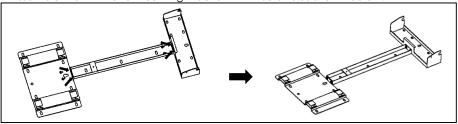
• Open the packages of battery and middle cover kit respectively, then take out the wall-mounting brackets.



**Notes:** The inverter-bracket for all-in-one application is not as same as the split one, please leave the split bracket and expansion bolts in the inverter's package when you want to install the all-in-one system).

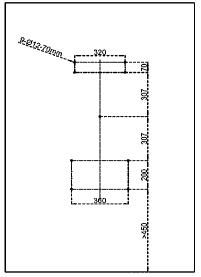
## Step 3: Assemble the All-in-one Mounting Bracket

• Assemble the All-in-one Mounting Bracket with 4 screws as shown below.



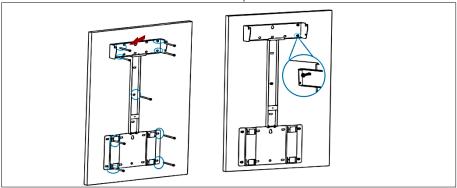
#### Step 4: Anchor All-in-one Mounting Bracket

- Determine the positions for drilling holes using the marking-off template, and then mark the positions with a marker.
- The height of the holes from the ground should be  $\geq$  450mm
- $\bullet$  Drill holes with driller (Drill bit:  $\phi12),$  make sure the holes are deep enough.



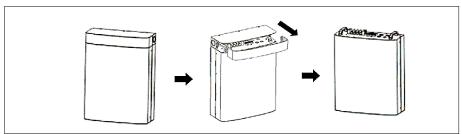
# Step 5: Secure the All-in-one bracket on the wall

• Fix the All-in-one bracket to the wall with 9 expansion bolts.



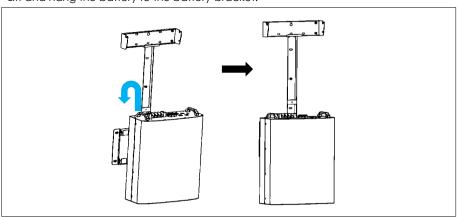
# Step 6: Remove the upper cover of the Battery

• Pull out the front cover of the wiring area, then loosen the screws on the top cover to remove the upper cover of the battery.



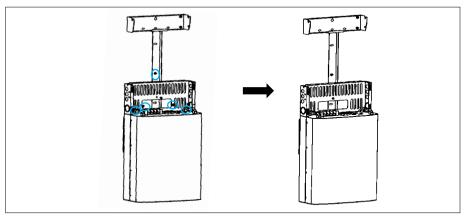
# Step 7: Install the battery on the Bracket

•Lift and hang the battery to the battery-bracket.



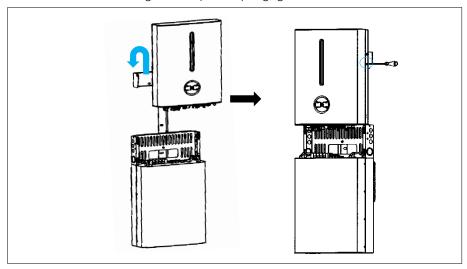
## Step 8: Install the bottom of middle cover kit to the Bracket

•Install the bottom of middle cover kit to the all-in-one bracket and tighten the screws (M5\*5).



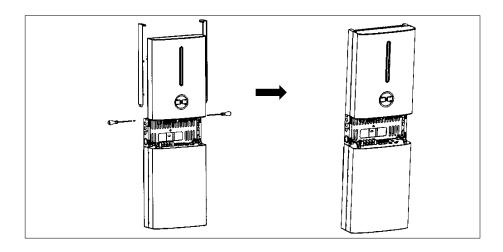
#### Step 9: Install the Inverter to the Bracket

- •Lift and hang the Inverter to the bracket and secure with screw.
- Make sure that 2 mounting ears are perfectly engaged with the bracket.



#### Step 10: Install the side frames

•Install the left and right frames. The upper part of which should be hung to the corresponding holes of the inverter, and the lower part should be inserted into the middle cover bottom. Then tighten them with M5 screws.

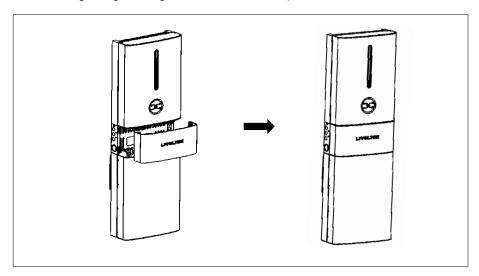


Step 11: Electrical Connection

Please refer to the Electrical Connection instructions in the next chapter.

# Step 12: Install the Middle-cover

- •Buckle the middle-cover to the all-in-one system after all electrical connection and settings are done
- •DO NOT forget to grounding the Inverter and battery.



# 6. Electrical Connection

Prior to any electrical connections, keep in mind that the inverter has dual power supplies. It is mandatory for the qualified personnel to wear personal protective equipment (PPE) during the electrical work.

# ↑ DANGER

#### Danger to life due to a high voltage inside the inverter!

- The PV strings will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight. Before starting electrical connections, disconnect the DC and AC circuit breakers and prevent them from inadvertent reconnection.
- Ensure that all cables are voltage free before performing cable connection.

## 

- Any improper operations during cable connection can cause device damage or personal injury.
- Only qualified personnel can perform cable connection.
- All cables must be firmly attached, undamaged, properly insulated and adequately dimensioned.

## NOTICE

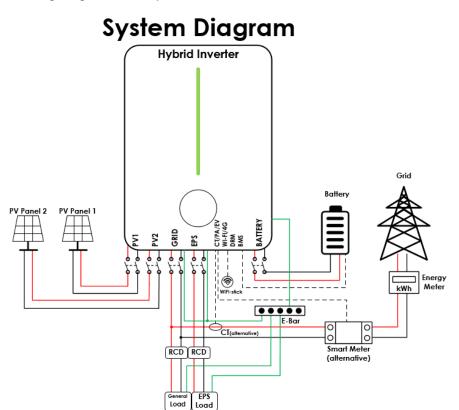
- Comply with the safety instructions related to the PV strings and the regulations related to the utility grid.
- All electrical connections must be in accordance with local and national standards.
- Only with the permission of the utility grid, the inverter can be connected to the utility grid.

#### Notes:

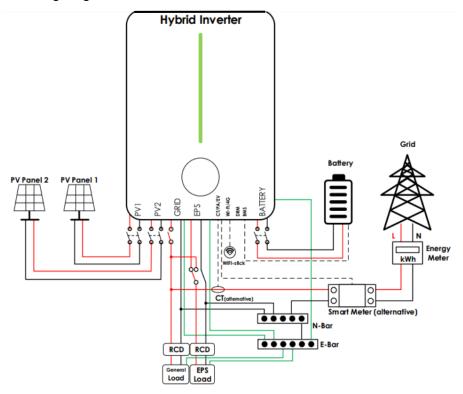
The cable colors shown in the electrical connection diagrams provided in this chapter are for reference only. Select cables in accordance with local cable specifications (green and yellow cables are only used for PE).

# 6.1 Wiring Diagram

# 6.1.1 Wiring Diagram for European



## 6.1.2 Wiring Diagram for Australia and New Zealand



# **↑** WARNING

- In Australia and New Zealand, electrical installation and maintenance shall be conducted by a licensed electrician and shall comply with Australia/New Zealand National Wiring Rules.
- Because the inverter does not maintain neutral integrity, an external neutral connection must be used in Australia and New Zealand. 30mA Type "A" RCD can be used where required by AS/NZ\_3000, but cannot be used if there are backup loads on the inverter as per AS4777.
- For Australia and New Zealand, the neutral cable of Grid side and Backup side must be connected together according to the wiring rules AS/NZ\_3000, otherwise backup function will not work.

# **6.2 External Grounding Connection**

Good grounding for the inverter helps resist the impact of surge voltage and improve the EMI performance. Connect the PGND cable before connecting the AC power cables, DC power cables, and communication cables.

# 

- Ensure that the PE cable is securely connected. Otherwise, electric shocks may occur.
- Do not connect the neutral wire to the enclosure as a PE cable. Otherwise, electric shocks may occur.

#### NOTICE

- The PE point at the AC output port is used only as a PE equipotential point, and cannot substitute for the PE point on the enclosure. Make sure the two terminals are both grounded reliably.
- It is recommended that silica gel or paint be used around the ground terminal after the PE cable is connected.

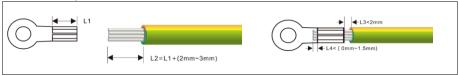
### Suggested cable requirement for Ground wires

The additional grounding cable should be of the same cross section as the PE wire in the AC cable (prepared by customers).

#### Wiring Connection Procedure:

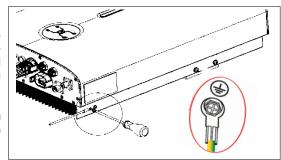
#### Step 1: Crimp OT terminals

- Prepare a one-core wire, and remove an appropriate length of the insulation layer from the PGND cable using a wire Stripper.
- Insert the exposed core wires into the crimping areas of the OT terminal and crimp them using hydraulic pliers.



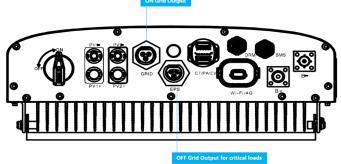
## Step2: Connect the PE Cable

- Remove the screw on the grounding terminal on the side of the inverter and fasten the cable with a screwdriver.
- Apply paint to the grounding terminal to ensure corrosion resistance.



#### 6.3 Grid Connection

The hybrid inverter has two AC output terminals, one is grid output for connecting grid and the other is EPS (emergency power supply) output for connecting critical (backup) Loads.



## ↑ WARNING

- On grid terminal and off grid terminal CAN NOT directly connect together.
- Off Grid terminal (EPS output) CAN NOT connect to grid.
- When you want to use both on gird power and backup power, please connect both with Grid output and EPS output.
- When you want to use on gird only, please connect with Grid output and float EPS output.
- The grid voltage and frequency must be in the permissible range.
- An external AC breaker must be installed on the AC side of each inverter to ensure that the inverter can be safely disconnected from grid when necessary.
- In the systems with multiple inverters, protect each inverter with a separate circuit breaker.
- Never connect a load between the inverter and the circuit breaker.

Suggested cable requirement for Grid wires

	Model	Wire Size	Cable	Beaker
	3KVA	10-12AWG	4-6mm <sup>2</sup>	230/25A
	5KVA	10-12AWG	4-6mm <sup>2</sup>	230/32A

## Wiring Connection Procedure:

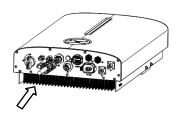
#### Step 1: Assemble the Grid cable Connector

- Remove the cable jacket and strip the wire insulation by 5~7 mm
- Insert the conductors to the corresponding terminal and crimp them.
- Check all the wires are firmly installed.



#### Step 2: Connect the Grid cable to the inverter

- Unscrew the cap on the EPS port.
- Insert the Grid connector into the Grid port on the bottom of the inverter.
- Make sure to connect "PE" conductor to the grounding electrode. Connect "L" and "N" conductors to the AC circuit breaker.
- Check all the wires are firmly installed.





#### High leakage current!

Ensure all cables are voltage-free before electrical connection.

Do not connect the AC circuit breaker until all inverter electrical connections are completed.

# **6.4 EPS Loads Connection**

If you want to use the energy storage system to power the house (as a standalone system or during Grid failure), the EPS connector should be used and the EPS function should be enabled during setup. Otherwise you could leave the EPS port disconnected. The EPS output port is only for critical loads connection.

## 

- The grid voltage and frequency must be in the permissible range.
- Risk of inverter damage due to incorrect cable connection. Do not connect the grid power wires to EPS port.
- An independent circuit breaker must be installed on the EPS side to cut off the inverter from EPS loads when necessary.
- Decide which household appliances should be included in the EPS circuit and carry out any required re-wiring.

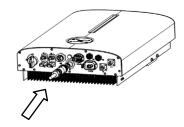
# **6.4.1 Wiring Connection Procedure:**

**Step 1: Assemble the EPS cable Connector** (reference to Grid connector).

Make sure Live/Neutral/PE wires are correct.

#### Step 2: Connect the EPS cable to the inverter

- Unscrew the cap on the EPS port.
- Insert the EPS cable into the EPS port on the inverter until there is a "Click" sound.
- Check all the wires are firmly installed.



#### 6.4.2 Declaration for EPS Loads

The purpose of the EPS Loads Function is to enable certain house circuits to remain on in the event of a power failure.

Make sure that the combined power required for all devices connected to this output does not exceed the power rating of the inverter.

# / CAUTION

The hybrid inverter can supply a continuous 5000VA output (max 5500VA for 10s) on EPS side and derate for self-protection at high ambient temperature. Accepted loads as below:

- Inductive Load: Max 1.5KVA for single inductive load, max 2.5KVA for total inductive load power.
- Capacitive load: Total capacitive load (like computer, switch power etc.) power ≤3.0KVA
- Do not connect loads that are dependent on a stable energy supply for a reliable operation.
- Do not connect the loads that may cause very high start-up current surges, such as air-conditioner, high-power pump, and hair drier.
- Due to the condition of the battery itself, battery current might be limited by some factors, including but not limited to the temperature and weather.

#### NOTICE

- Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances.
- To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

#### 6.5 PV Cable Connection

# ↑ DANGER

#### Danger of electric shock!

- The PV array will generate lethal high voltage once exposed to sunlight. Ensure all
  cables are voltage-free before performing electrical operations.
- Do not connect the AC circuit breaker before finishing electrical connection.

# / WARNING

- Make sure the PV arrays are well insulated to ground before connecting it to the inverter.
- Make sure the voltage, current and power ratings of the PV arrays are within the permissible range.

- Make sure polarity is correct. The inverter will not function properly if any PV polarity is reversed.
- The 3.68kW/5kW inverter is designed with 2 MPPT trackers, if the inputs of the PV panels are paralleled, please consult with your local distributor for technical support.
- To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV Arrays with possible current leakage to the inverter. For example, grounded PV Arrays will cause current leakage to the inverter.
- Make sure DC switch on "OFF" position. Otherwise please use an external PV switch to cut off the PV connection during wiring and when necessary.

#### NOTICE

- Use IEC61730 class-A Rating PV Arrays.
- To ensure IP65 protection, use the right PV plugs in the package.
- Damage to the device due to the use of incompatible terminals shall not be covered by the warranty.
- All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

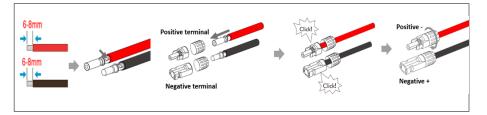
#### Suggested cable requirement for PV wires

Model	Wire Size	Cable	Beaker
3KVA	10-12AWG	4-6mm <sup>2</sup>	230/25A
5KVA	10-12AWG	4-6mm <sup>2</sup>	230/32A

#### Wiring Connection Procedure:

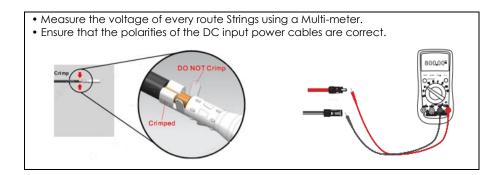
#### Step 1: Assemble the PV cable Connectors

- Strip the insulation from each PV cable by 6–8 mm.
- Assemble the cable ends with the crimping pliers.
- Lead the cable through the cable gland and connect PV cable to PV connectors.
- Screw the cable gland and the insulator.



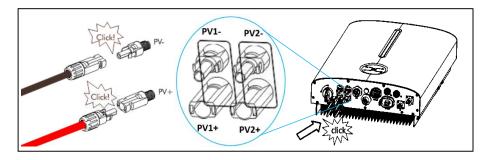
#### NOTICE

- DO NOT crimp the two metal sheets (below picture).
- These are fixing structure of metal core and its plastic shell. Crimping of the two metal sheets will result in failure of assemble, which may cause contact problems, and even fire in extreme cases.



# Step 2: Connect the PV cables to the inverter

- Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings.
- Connect the PV connectors to the corresponding terminals until a "click" sound is heard.
- Seal the unused PV terminals with the terminal caps.

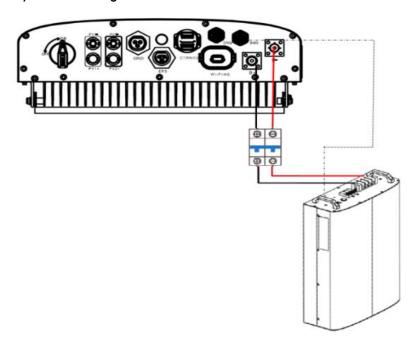


# **6.6 Battery Connection**

### 

- Be careful against any electric shock or chemical hazard.
- Only use properly insulated tools to prevent accidental electric shock or short circuits. If insulated tools are not available, use electrical tape to cover the entire exposed metal surfaces of the available tools except their tips.
- Connect battery cables with correct polarity. If battery cables are reversely connected, the solar inverter may be damaged.
- All wiring must be performed by a professional person.
- Do not disconnect under load! Battery can be placed in a no load state by shutting down the inverter completely.

## **Battery connection diagram**



#### 6.6.1 Lithium Battery Connection

#### NOTICE

- This inverter can only be connected with LIVOLTEK or Pylontech low-voltage lithium batteries with nominal voltage from 40V to 60V now. If you choose other lithium batteries, please consult LIVOLTEK for compatibility. Otherwise inverter will not work normally.
- For safe operation and compliance, a two-pole DC circuit breaker with overcurrent protection should be installed between the inverter and the battery.
- If you do not have battery now, you can float BAT terminal, and this hybrid inverter will only work like a PV inverter.

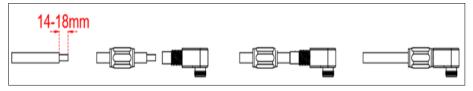
#### Notes:

- Prepare battery cables with a conductor cross section of 25 mm² because the maximum battery current is 100A. Use the right BAT plugs within the scope of delivery.
- If the connectors of the battery power cables to battery side is not assembled, you need to contact with your battery vendor for detailed information.
- For LIVOLTEK lithium battery, you should cut off one pair connectors of the battery power cables, and change them to water-proof BAT plugs in the inverter package.

#### Wiring Connection Procedure:

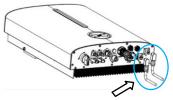
#### Step 1: Assemble the battery cable Connectors

- Remove an appropriate length of the insulation layer from the positive and negative power cables using a wire stripper.
- Insert the exposed areas of the positive and negative power cables into the BAT plugs respectively and crimp them using a crimping too.
- Ensure the correct polarity of batteries before connecting to the inverter.



#### Step2: Connect the Battery cables to the inverter

- Insert the battery plugs into the corresponding BAT+ and BAT- terminals at the bottom of the inverter.
- Ensure that the connectors are securely in place.



# Step 3: Connect the Battery cables to the Battery

- Connect the Battery cable to the Battery and make sure the positive and negative poles are correct.
- Refer to the instructions supplied by the battery manufacturer for the connections on the battery side.

#### 6.6.2 BMS Cable Connection

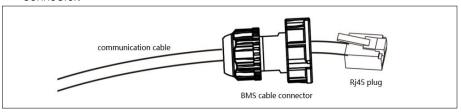
#### NOTICE

- If choosing lithium battery, make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and the inverter.
- The CAN cable enables the communication between the inverter and the Lithium Battery.
- Communication interface between inverter and battery is CAN with a RJ45 connector.
- The battery communication can only work when the battery BMS is compatible with the inverter.

#### Wiring Connection Procedure:

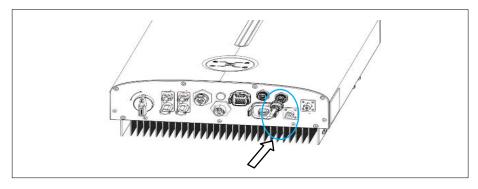
# Step1: Assemble the BMS cable Connector

- Prepare a communication cable and insert the BMS cable connector which can be found in the accessory box.
- Crimp the communication cable with an Rj45 plug which is inside of the BMS cable connector.



## Step2: Connect the BMS cable to the inverter

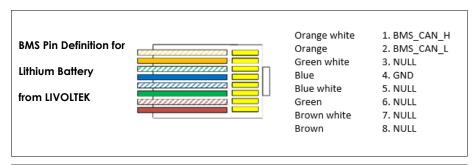
- Insert the BMS cable connector into BMS port on the inverter and screw it tightly.
- Then insert other side of communication cable into CAN port on the battery.
- Make sure the lithium battery BMS port connects to the inverter is Pin to Pin.

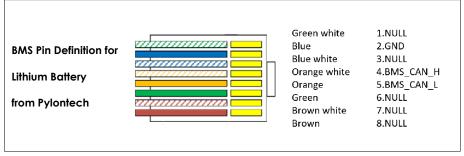


#### **BMS Pin Definition**

#### NOTICE

The BMS Pin Definition for battery from the **Pylontech** and **LIVOLTEK** are different. Make sure the right wire sequence, otherwise will cause failure.





# 6.6.3 Lead-acid Battery Connection

#### NOTICE

- The hybrid inverter can be connected to proper capacity lead-acid battery with a nominal voltage at 48V.
- For safe operation and compliance, a two-pole DC circuit breaker with overcurrent protection should be installed between the inverter and the battery.

#### **Battery Power cable Connection:**

Different brands of lead-acid batteries have different installation methods, please refer to the battery manual for details.

#### 6.6.4 NTC Cable Connection

The inverter has integrated a NTC temperature sampling port for lead-acid batteries. With the external NTC cable installed, it can sample the temperatures of the battery cabinet to avoid damage caused by low or high temperature. The protective temperature of lead-acid battery ranges from  $-25^{\circ}$ C to  $+60^{\circ}$ C.

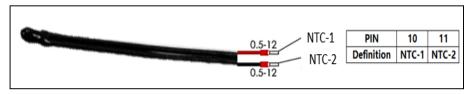
#### Wiring Connection Procedure:

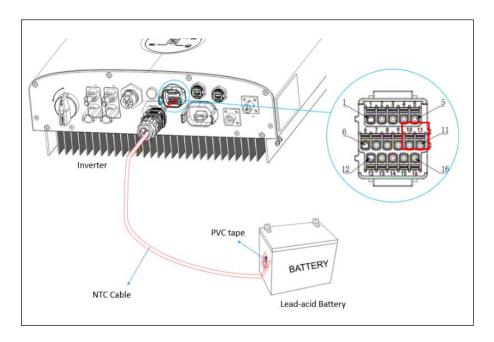
Step 1: Take out the NTC cable and a PVC tape in the package of inverter.

**Step 2:** Make the tape adhere to NTC interface.

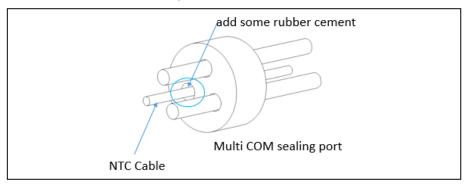
**Step 3:** Insert the two pins of NTC into Multi COM port of inverter, and then glue the end of the NTC cable to the surface of the lead-acid battery (any place but must be nonmetallic) with PVC tape.

#### NTC Cable Pin Definition





**Step 4:** The wire diameter of the NTC cable is smaller than the sealing port of the Multi COM connector. It is recommended to add some rubber cement into the sealing port after installation to make it waterproof.



# 6.7 WIFI / 4G Connection (Optional)

The inverter provides a communication port, which can collect data and transmit data of the inverter to the monitoring website via Wi-Fi or 4G (Optional).

**WIFI Stick** (Wi-Fi & Bluetooth 2in1 function) implements communication with Cloud server through wireless network to monitor the inverter's data status. For more details, refer to WIFI Application Manual.

**4G Stick** (currently under development) implements communication with Cloud server through cellular to monitor PV inverter's data status. For more details, refer to GPRS Application Manual.

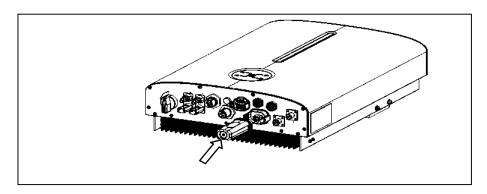
#### Wiring Connection Procedure:

Step 1: Remove the waterproof lid from the Wi-Fi/4G terminal.

**Step 2:** Insert the Wi-Fi stick into the communication port.

Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly.

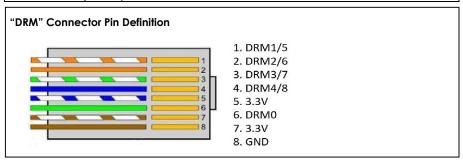
**Step 3:** Build the connection between the inverter and router. Please refer to the Pocket Wi-Fi user manual to configure the WLAN.



#### 6.8 DRM Connection

The inverter supports the demand response modes as specified in the standard AS/NZS 4777. The inverter has integrated a terminal block for connecting to a DRED, as shown in the following figure.

Mode	Requirement
DRM0	Operation disconnect device
DRM1	Do not consume power
DRM2	Do not consume more than 50% of rated power
DRM3	Do not consume more than 75% of rated power AND Source reactive power if capable
DRM4	Increase power consumption (subject to constraints from other active DRMs)
DRM5	Do not generate power
DRM6	Do not generate more than 50% of rated power
DRM7	Do not generate more than 75% of rated power AND Sink reactive power if capable
DRM8	Increase power generation (subject to constraints from other active DRMs)



#### Wiring Connection Procedure:

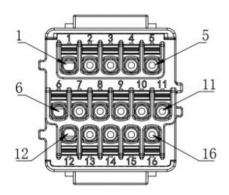
- Step 1: Unscrew the swivel nut from DRM port.
- Step 2: Lead the cable through the cable gland.
- Step 3: Remove the cable jacket and strip the wire insulation.
- **Step 4:** Plug the wires into the corresponding terminals.
- **Step 5:** Fasten the swivel nut with a torque of 4–5N.m and connect the other end to the DRED (DRED device is not provided by LIVOLTEK.

# 6.9 Multi COM Terminal Connection

The inverter provides 16pin terminals to facilitate you to install CT or Smart meter, parallel function or EV charger.

## NOTICE

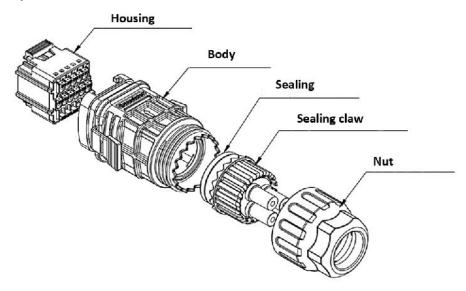
- Follow the pin definition below to connect the Multi com communication cables.
- Do not remove the resistor or short circuit wire unless you are going to use the corresponding PINs.



Signal definitions

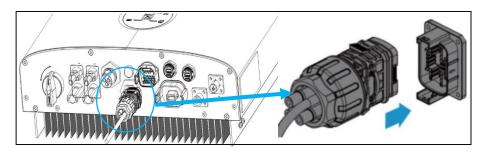
Pin	Definition	Description	Pi n	Definition	Description
1	485B	485 contact	9	SYNC-TXA	
2	485A	interface for Smart meter or Transformer	10	NTC-1	NTC cable for Lead-
3	CT+ (Red)	CT contact	11	NTC-2	acid battery temperature sensor
4	CT- (white)	interface	12	EV _485A	485 contact
5	NC	N/A	13	EV _485B	interface for EV charger
6	Paral_CANH	CAN contact	14	NC	
7	Paral_CANL	interface for parallel connection	15	Dry-	Dry contact interface for
8	GND-C		16	Dry+	generator

## 16pin terminals show as below:



### Wiring Connection Procedure:

- **Step 1:** Prepare the communication cable and remove the plug of the communication terminal.
- **Step 2:** Dismantle the communication module and take out the pin terminal. To avoid water and dust, keep the rubber plug to seal the unused holes.
- **Step 3:** Insert the communication cable into the corresponding pins terminal to realize the RS485 communication function.
- **Step 4:** Assemble the communication module and plug it into the communication terminal.



**Notes:** Assemble the communication module and plug it into the communication terminal directly if you are not going to use the communication functions.

#### 6.9.1 CT Connection

The hybrid inverter is equipped with the feed-in power limit function, so as to meet the requirements of some national standards or grid standards for the output power at the grid connection point.

Notes: For the setting of feed-in power limit, refer to the section "Feed-in Limitation"

The CT (Current transformer) in the package of inverter is compulsory for this hybrid system installation. Which measures the value and direction of AC current. Thanks to its built-in metering chip, the hybrid inverter enables the export power to the grid does not exceed a preconfigured limit.

#### NOTICE

No meter or CT to the inverter will cause fault.

The smart meter must be authorized by LIVOLTEK, any third party or non-authorized meter may not match with the inverter. LIVOLTEK will not take the responsibility if the meter is unavailable.

#### NOTICE

Do not place the CT on the N Wire or the earth wire.

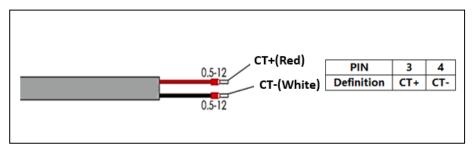
Do not place the CT on the N and L wire simultaneously.

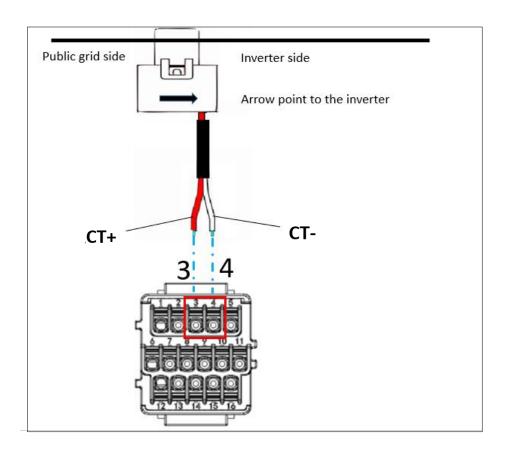
Do not place the CT with the arrow pointing to the inverter side.

Do not place the CT on the non-insulated wires.

Important: The arrows direction on the CT must point to the inverter side.

#### CT Pin Definition





# 6.9.2 Smart Meter Connection (Optional)

When customer needs to use meter to monitor the energy flow, the meter terminal connection steps are as follows:

## NOTICE

Make sure AC cable is totally isolated from AC power before connecting Smart Meter. One Smart Meter can only be used for one hybrid inverter.

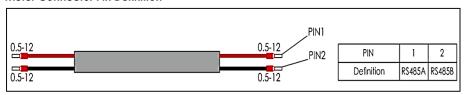
Normally the smart meter should be placed in or near the grid distribution box right after the billing meter.

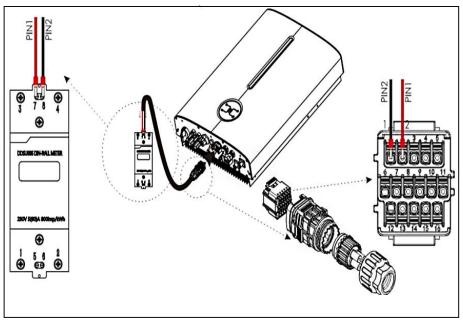
Please use the smart meter cable in the accessory box for communication.

## Wiring Connection Procedure:

- **Step 1**: Connect the signal cable to the signal cable connector.
- Step 2: Connect the signal cable connector to the Multi COM port.
- **Step 3:** Secure the signal cable connector

# **Meter Connector Pin Definition**





# 6.9.3 Parallel Connection (Optional)

Parallel Connection function of the hybrid inverter is a solution for system capacity extension to provide bigger power. This inverter supports 2 units in parallel now (need to purchase an additional parallel kits).

For more details, please refer to the parallel instructions.

#### NOTICE

- Only two units with the same capacity, voltage and frequency can be coupled via the provided parallel cable to run in parallel mode.
- In Parallel system, one inverter will be set as the "Master inverter" which will control the other inverter's energy management and dispatch control.
- In Parallel system, the grid input and the load outputs can be connected in parallel.
- In Parallel system, the two inverters communicate through the provided RJ45 parallel communication cable (PAL cable).

# 6.9.4 EV charger Connection

This inverter is ready for you to use solar energy to charge your electric car. For more details, please refer to the LIVOLTEK EV charger user manual.

Notes: This inverter can be only connected with LIVOLTEK EV charger now.

# 6.9.5 Auto- Transformer Connection (Optional)

For backup power capability, this inverter enables you to split the 240 volts into two legs of 120 volt and to balance the load between the two legs by installed with LIVOLTEK autotransformer box for the critical loads.

For more details, please refer to the LIVOLTEK Auto-Transformer user manual.

#### 6.10 Installation Verification

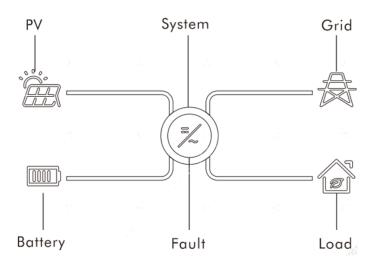
Check the following items after the inverter is installed.

- No other objects put on the inverter.
- All screws especially the screws used for electrical connections are tightened.
- The inverter is installed correctly and securely.
- Ground, AC, DC and Communications cables are connected tightly correctly and securely.
- Check there is no open circuit or short circuits at AC and DC terminals using multi-meter.
- Idle terminals are sealed.
- All safety warning symbols are intact and complete on the inverter.

# 7. System Operation

# 7.1 LEDs Display

The inverter operation status can be obtained from observing LED indicator status.



Color	Status	Description	
Green	on	The inverter is running normally	
Green	off	Other statuses except Running	
5 1	on	Fault occurs	
Red	off	No fault occurs	
Green/Red blink System startup or updating		System startup or updating	

You can monitor & set data of the inverter through the LIVOLTEK APP. For details about operation, refer to APP User Manual. APP User Manual is available for free from website.

LED indicator status for common fault of the inverter:

Error Message	PV	BATTERY	GRID	LOAD	SYSTEM	FAULT
Starting up	Х	Х	Х	Х	*	*
Normal status	0	0	0	0	•	Х
WI-FI communication	0	0	0	0	•	Х
PV energy weak	0	0	0	0	•	Х
PV over Volt	•	0	0	0	Х	•
PV over current	•	0	0	0	Х	•
PV Strings Reverse	•	0	0	0	Х	•
EPS Volt Fault	0	0	0	•	Х	•
EPS Over Load	0	0	0	•	Х	•
EPS Short Fault	0	0	0	•	Х	•
BMS Lost	0	•	0	0	Х	•
BMS Fault	0	•	0	0	Х	•
Inter CKT Fault	•	•	•	•	Х	•
Inter Com Fault	•	•	•	•	Х	•
EEPROM Fault	•	•	•	•	Х	•
Leakage Over Current	•	•	•	•	Х	•
Earth Fault	•	•	•	•	Х	•
MET/CT Fault	•	•	•	•	Х	•
PAL Multi Master	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	•
PAL Com Fault	Χ	Χ	X	Χ	Х	•
PAL SN Fault	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	•
PAL HWC Fault	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	•
PAL FWC Fault	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	•
PAL SLV Fault	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	•

<sup>•</sup> means light on, **x** means light off, ★ means blink, © means keep original status.

# 7.2 System Commissioning

Check the following items before starting the inverter:

- The country marked on the packing box is in accordance with the installation site.
- The inverter is correctly and firmly fastened to the mounting bracket on the wall.
- All cables are connected according to chapter 6;
- All unused terminals are properly sealed.
- AC circuit breaker is correctly connected between inverter GRID port & GRID, circuit breaker is disconnected.
- AC circuit breaker is correctly connected between inverter EPS port & critical loads, circuit breaker is disconnected.
- For lithium battery, ensure that the BMS cable has been correctly connected.
- For the lead-acid battery, ensure that the NTC cable has been correctly connected.

If all of the items mentioned above meet the requirements, proceed as follows to start up the inverter for the first time.

#### Step 1: Power on the Grid

• Connect the AC circuit breaker.

#### Step 2: Power on the Battery

Connect the external DC circuit breaker between the inverter and the battery, then
power on the battery manually if a battery is equipped.

#### Step 3: Power on the PV

 Rotate the DC switch to "ON". Wait for a moment and the inverter will start a selftest procedure.

#### Step 4: Switch on the loads

The load parameters should show.

# Step 5: Configure the Wi-Fi stick

 Establish communication connection between the mobile phone and Wi-Fi stick, then set initial protection parameters. Refer to LIVOLTEK APP Operation Instructions for details.

#### Step 6: Self-test in accordance with CEI 0-21 (Italy Only)

- The self-test is only required for inverters to be commissioned in Italy. During the selftest, the inverter will consecutively check the reaction times for: overvoltage, undervoltage, maximum frequency and minimum frequency.
- Please use the LIVOLTEK APP to initiate the self-test procedure and get the test results.
   Refer to "Settings on the APP" for details.

# Step 7: Observe the LED indicator

Observe the LED indicator to ensure that the inverter operates normally.

# 7.3 System Decommissioning

For maintenance or other service work, the inverter must be switched off. Proceed as follows to disconnect the inverter from the AC and DC power sources.

**Notes:** Please strictly follow the following procedure. Otherwise it will cause lethal voltages or unrecoverable damage to the inverter.

**Step1:** Turn off the loads;

Step 2: Turn off the PV;

Step 3: Turn off battery;

Step 4: Turn off the main grid switch;

**Step 5:** Wait for at least 5 minutes after the LED and graphical display black out for the internal circuits to discharges energy;

**Step 6:** Disconnect all the power cables;

Step 7: Disconnect all the communication cables, Remove the Wi-Fi stick;

**Step 8:** Remove the inverter from the wall, also remove the bracket if necessary;

**Step 9:** Pack the inverter with the original carton, and store it.

# 8. APP Operation

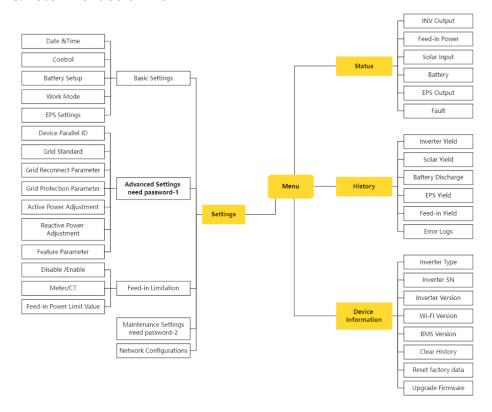
The hybrid inverter can be configuration via WIFI Stick (Wi-Fi & Bluetooth 2in1 function), which is the easiest way to ensure a simple, highly reliable communication connection.

LIVOLTEK portal is a platform that the inverter connects through WIFI Stick, and upload the data to it every 5 minutes. You can log in account at any time through a computer, IOS or Android to achieve real-time display and remote control.

## WEB: https://www.livoltek-portal.com/

**APP:** Search for Livoltek on Apple App Store, Google Play and download the latest installation package.

## 8.1 User interface on the APP



**Notes:** The advanced setting and Maintenance settings can only be check and set via local mode or Web.

# 8.2 WI-FI Configuration

#### Preparation

- Power on inverter
- Power on router and check the wireless networks that mobile phone joined

#### Step 1: Install LIVOLTEK APP

APP is available from Apple App Store, Google Play, and Android APK. Scan the QR Code below to download the APP on your smartphone.

#### Step 2: Wi-Fi Configuration

- Open Livoltek APP, choose "Local Mode" ----> "Bluetooth Mode".
- Find your inverter SN (named with "BLF-HP- last few digits of SN").
- Click on "setting" ---->"Network Configurations"
- Press "Reset" key on PSD200-FlDongle about 3~5 seconds. Then the first LED will blink.
- Enter wireless network name & password (same network your phone configured to)
- Click on "Confirm" and wait 10s, "Success" will display on the APP if successful.



# 8.3 Register an account

Open the app or web and login with the username & password. Register it first if you don't have an account, which provides access to the remote monitoring and management.



#### NOTICE

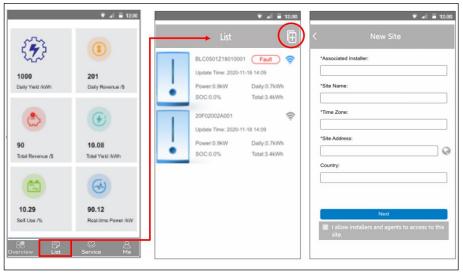
- There are two different accounts for end users and business (agents/installers), with different account authorizations.
- Business accounts can only be registered through web.
- Only end user accounts can be registered through the APP.
- The agent/installer can create a sub-account for the end user after the power site (PV plant) is created.

### 8.4 Create a site and add the inverter to the site

You can edit the site (PV Plant) information, add the new inverter to the site, delete the site, expand the list of added inverters of the site and set the electricity price.

#### 8.4.1 Add Site

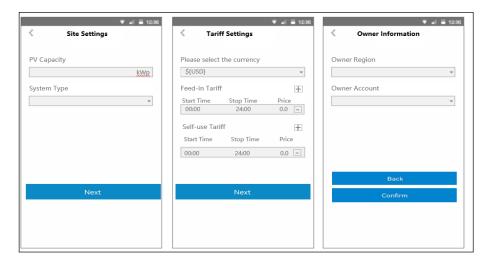
- Open the app and login with the username & password.
- Enter the "List" Page, touch "Add" button [1] at the top right of the page.
- Choose the Installer, enter the Plant Name, Time Zone, location and other basic information.
- For the location, click the "Re-locate", system will automatically fill in the details according to what you enter.



**Notes:** Tick "I agree installers to access to this site", then your installer can assist you to set the inverter remotely.

#### 8.4.2 Setting Site and Authorization

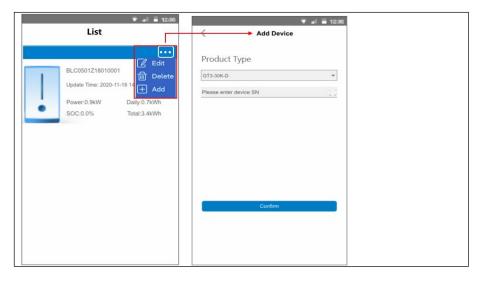
- Enter the PV capacity and system type (solar storage system) for your site.
- Set local electricity price to calculate arid-connected revenue and electricity saved.
- Choose your region and account to create a sub account for target user.



Notes: The time frame must be 24 hours in Tariff settings.

#### 8.4.3 Add Device

- •Touch "Add" button [the top right of the PV site page to add a device.
- Choose your product model and enter SN number, then touch [confirm].

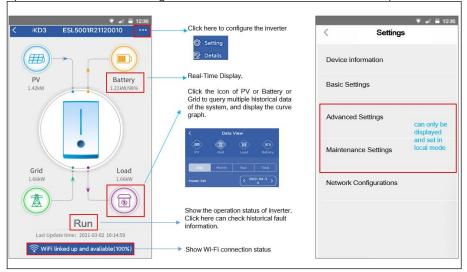


# 8.5 Settings on the APP

## 8.5.1 Home Page Overview

You can check Parameters of System. The status and data on this page might be a few minutes delay from the real-time inverter data

By touch the icons on the diagram, it will show the historical data of each part.



#### 8.5.2 Basic Settings

You can set the inverter time, Restart the inverter, choosing work modes, battery type and set charging time period in Basic settings.

#### 8.5.2.1 Emergency Charge

- Emergency Charge is design to avoid the damage caused by long time excessive discharge.
- •It is recommended to manually click this button to charge the battery after installing the battery for the first time.
- •The inverter cannot respond to the discharge command during emergency charge.
- •In this mode, the battery will be charged to 54V, and it will exit this mode after 2 hours. But you can exit this mode by clicking "Restart" during this process.



#### 8.5.2.2 Select Work Modes



Work Modes decides the operation logic of the hybrid system. So make sure what you select is exactly what you want. The detailed description about the working modes, please refer to the chapter 3.4 Work Modes.

**Self-Use Mode:** The default mode for self-consumption. **Back-Up Mode:** You can set the reserve percentage of the minimum battery state (Discharge End-up SOC @ Grid), for urgent use to support backup loads.

**Self-Define Mode:** You can set two charge time ranges as your need.

#### 8.5.2.3 Battery Setting

## Select Battery Type

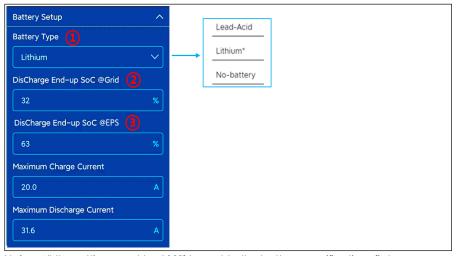
- •The inverter supports lithium and lead-acid batteries as well as no battery operation.
- •The BMS cable must be connected when choose lithium battery, otherwise the system will report BMS communication failure.

### 2 Discharge End-up SOC @ Grid

It refers to the discharge cut-off SOC of the lithium battery when the utility grid is available. The battery is not allow to discharge if the capacity is lower than it.

### ③ Discharge End-up SOC @ EPS

It refers to the discharge cut-off SOC of the lithium battery when the utility grid is not available. The battery is not allow to discharge if the capacity is lower than it.

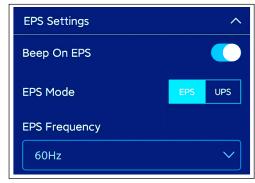


**Notes:** All the settings must be 100% honest to the battery specifications first. Both the two discharge End-up SOC set range is 10~100%.

#### 8.5.2.3 EPS Setting

This hybrid inverter has two EPS modes that can be set, namely UPS and EPS, the default mode is UPS.

- •UPS means an uninterruptible power supply. When there is utility grid, the inverter bypass to supply power to the loads. When there is a grid failure, it can utilize power from PV panels & energy stored in the battery to supply power to critical load (Battery is necessary in this mode.) The energy switching time in this process is less than 16 milliseconds.
- •The EPS (Emergency Power Supply) mode means the EPS port will only have power output when the grid failure. The energy switching time in this process is less than 2 seconds. But the standby power consumption of EPS mode is less than UPS mode, which can save more energy for the customer.



#### 8.5.3 Advanced Settings

Advanced settings is generally customization for lead-acid battery and protection value of grid. Please contact your installer or factory and enter the installer password.

#### **Grid Standards**

Grid standards means safety code. Generally, it is set before leaving the factory according to the shipping country and region. If your country is inconsistent with local regulations, you can choose here. Make sure to select the right safety country.



#### 8.5.4 Feed-in Limitation Setting

The feed-in limitation is energy management solution for you to control the power that can be exported to grid to a specific limit.

Turn on to use if your grid company does not allow external power feed into grid or you do not want PV production exported to grid.

**Notes:** If you use this function and set a Power limit value, then PV production could be limited if consumer or battery charge power is low

In order to realize the function of feed-in power limit, the system must be installed with electricity meter or CT.



# 9. Troubleshooting and Maintenance

# **↑** WARNING

Before maintaining and commissioning inverter and its peripheral distribution unit switch off all the charged terminals of the inverter, and wait at least 10 minutes after the inverter is powered off.

## 9.1 Troubleshooting

When the inverter has an exception, its basic common warning and exception handling methods are shown in the table below.

Alarm Name	Possible causes	Suggestion			
PV1 Over Volt	PV input voltage is not	Check the voltage and number of PV			
PV2 Over Volt	within permissible range.	modules and adjust it if need. Wait for recovery or restart the system.			
PV1 Over Current	PV input current is not within permissible	Check the PV input power and configuration. Wait for recovery or			
PV2 Over Current	range.	restart the system.			
PV1 Strings Reverse PV2 Strings Reverse	The cables of PV strings are connected reversely.	Disconnected the DC Switch. Check the cables of PV strings and reconnect the cables if need.			
PV Energy Weak	Insufficient power supply from PV strings.  When sunlight intensity we action is needed. Otherwise there is shielded, or short circ circuit etc. in the PV strings.				
Leakage Over Current  The leakage current exceeds the permissible range.		Check PV cable ground connection and adjust it if need. Contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.			
Earth Fault The earth fault occurs		Check the connection of grounding and the L-line & N-line and adjust it if need. Contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.			
AC Volt Fault	AC voltage is not within permissible range.	Check the setting of the safety country and AC voltage (L & N).			
Grid frequency is not within permissible range.		Check the setting of the safety country, frequency and the connection of AC cables.			

		Contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
EPS Volt Fault	Output Voltage abnormal (Inverter voltage is higher than 260Vac)	Check if the load power is within the EPS power range and the AC output wires are connected well.
EPS Over Load	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up( more than Five time)	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment, and wait for the recover.  Restart the inverter and contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
EPS Short Fault	EPS output short circuit	Check the wires connection. Restart and contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
Inter CKT Fault	BUS Voltage (AC) is too high.	Wait for inverter recovery. Contact
Inter CKT Fault	Over Current fault.	your dealer for technical support if
Inter CKT Fault	Component failure.	the error happens again.
Inter Temp High	The ambient temperature inside the inverter exceeds the upper limit.	Check the air flow of the unit, then close it and wait for 30mins. Contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
BAT Temp High	Battery (Lead-Acid) temperature is not within permissible range.	Check the environment temperature. Contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
BAT Volt Fault	Battery voltage is not within permissible range.	Check the spec and quantity of battery and the connection. Contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
BMS Lost	BMS Communication lost.	Check battery type and communication of the BMS cable. Restart the inverter and contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
Low battery	The battery voltage is too low.	Re-charge battery and contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
Inter CKT Fault	Over Current occurs during battery charging or discharging.	Restart the inverter and contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.

	BUS Voltage is too high or internal failed	
Inter Com Fault	Internal communication failure (ARM&DSP).	
EEPROM Fault	Internal EEPROM Component (ARM) damaged.	
BMS Fault	BMS communication failure.	
PAL Com Fault	Communication faults between the master and the slave inerter.	Check the parallel communication cable and adjust it if need. Restart the inverter and contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
PAL Multi Master	The master-slave identity of the inverter is set incorrectly.	Check the number of the inverters and adjust it if need.
PAL SN Fault	The product models or output power of the two inverters do not match.	Check the product model and power of the parallel inverters and replace it if there is inconsistent.  Contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
PAL HWC Fault	The hardware codes are not compatible	Contact your dealer for technical
PAL FWC Fault	The firmware codes are not compatible	support.
PAL SLV Fault	Parallel system stop due to various reasons.	Check the 2 inverters working status. Restart the inverters and contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.
MET/CT Fault	Meter or CT self-check fault.	Check the power cable connection. Contact your dealer for technical support if the error happens again.

#### 9.2 Maintenance

To ensure that the inverter can operate properly for a long term, you are advised to perform routine maintenance on it as described in this chapter.

#### 

## Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

- Always keep in mind that the inverter is powered by dual sources: PV strings and utility grid.
- Before maintaining and commissioning inverter and its peripheral distribution unit switch off all the charged terminals of the inverter, and wait at least 10 minutes after the inverter is powered off.

#### **Routine Maintenance**

Check Item	Method	Period
System clean	Check the temperature and dust of the inverter. Clean the inverter enclosure if necessary.	
System running status	Check whether the inverter is not damaged or deformed or can be operated with no abnormal sound.	0
Cable entry	Check whether the cable entry is insufficiently sealed, or the gap is excessively large, and reseal the entry when necessary.	Once every 6 to 12 months
Electrical connection	Check whether all cables are firmly in place. Check whether a cable is damaged, especially the part contacting the metal enclosure.	THOTHIS

#### 9.3 Removing the Inverter

Perform the following procedures to remove the inverter:

Step 1: Disconnect all cables from the inverter including communications cables,

DC input power cables, AC output power cables, and PGND cables.

**Step 2:** Remove the inverter from the bracket.

**Step 3:** Remove the bracket.

#### ★ WARNING

Before removing DC input connector double check DC input switch, is turned to OFF to avoid inverter damage and personal injury.

#### 9.4 Disposal of the Inverter

The inverter and its packing case are made from environment-friendly materials. If the inverter service life has expired, do NOT discard it with household garbage; dispose the inverter in accordance with local environmental laws and regulations.

# 10. Technical Data

PV Input Data	Hyper- 3000	Hyper- 3680	Hyper- 4600	Hyper -5000
Max. PV Input Power (Wp)	4500	5520	6900	7500
Max. PV Input Voltage (V)		600	)	
Nominal DC Input Voltage (V)		360	)	
MPPT Voltage Range (V)		125~5		
No. of MPPTs/Strings per MPPT	1/1	2/1	2/1	2/1
Max. Input Current (A)	14	14/14	14/14	14/14
Max. Short Circuit Current (A)	17.5	17.5/17.5	17.5/17.5	17.5/1 7.5
AC Output @ Grid				
Nominal AC Power (W)	3000	3680	4600	5000
Max. Apparent Output Power (VA)	3300	4000	4600	5500
Nominal AC Voltage (V)		220/230	/240	
Nominal AC Voltage Range (V)		186~2	.90	
Nominal Grid Frequency (Hz)		50/6	0	
Max. AC Current (A)	13.0	16.0	20.0	21.7
THDi,Rated Power(%)		<3		
Power Factor	~1 (Adjust	table from 0.8 le	eading to 0.8 le	agging)
EPS Output @ Off Grid				
Nominal EPS Power (W)	3000	3680	4600	5000
EPS Peak Power [VA]	1.1 x	Pnom, 10 sec;	•	ec
Nominal Output Voltage (V)		220/2		
Nominal Frequency (Hz)		50/6		
Nominal Output Current (A)	13.0	16.0	20.0	21.7
THDv(@Linear Load)(%)		< 3%		
Back-up Switch Time (ms)		<20		
Battery Data			n · 11 ·	
Battery Type		Lead-acid,	/Lithium	
Nominal Battery Voltage (V)		48	0	
Battery Voltage Range (V)		40~6 50~50		
Battery Capacity (Ah)  Max. Char/Discharge Current (A)	60	50~50 80	100	100
, ,	OU.			100
Communication with BMS		CAN	N	

Efficiency				
Max. Efficiency (%)	97.6 97.8			
Euro Efficiency (%)	97.1		97.4	
Protection				
DC Switch		Integro	ıted	
PV Reverse Polarity Protection		Integro	ited	
Output Over Current Protection		Integro	ited	
Output Short Circuit Protection		Integro	ited	
Output Over Voltage Protection		Integro	ited	
Anti-islanding Protection		Integro	ited	
Insulation Resistor Detection		Integro	ıted	
Residual Current Detection		Integro	ıted	
Ground Fault Monitoring		Integro	ıted	
General Data				
Dimensions(W*H*D mm)	414*625*155			
Weight (kg)	29	30	30	30
Mounting Method	Wall-mounting bracket			
Protection Rating	IP65			
Cooling	Natural convection			
Operating Temperature Range ( $^{\circ}$ C)		-25~+60°C (>45	°C derating)	
Max. Operating Altitude (m)		2000	)	
Noise (dB)		<25	<u>,                                    </u>	
Relative Humidity	0~100%,no condensation			
Display	LED & APP			
Communication	RS485 for Parallel/EV charger, CAN for BMS,USB for Wi-Fi, CT			BMS,USB
Topology	High	n frequency isolo	ation (for batt	ery)
Certificates and Grid Regulations				
Grid Regulations	G98, G99; C10/11; RD1699;UTE C 15-712-1;			
	EN50549;IEC61727;NRS097-2-1; IEC62116;			
EMC	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-3, EN61000-6-4, EN61000-4-16, EN61000-4-18,			
LIVIC	EN61000-4-29			
Safety		109-1 & -2, IEC62	040-1	

Notes: (1) Backup output power depends on the battery.

(2) Specifications are subject to change without further notice.

# 11. Disclaimer

The Hyper series inverters are transported, used and operated under limited condition, such as environmental, electrical etc. **LIVOLTEK** shall not be liable to provide the service, technical support or compensation under conditions listed below, including but not limited to:

- Inverter is damaged or broken by force majeure (such as earthquake, flooding, thunderstorm, lighting, fire hazard, volcanic eruption etc.).
- Inverter's warranty is expired and doesn't buy extended warranty.
- Can't provide the inverter's SN, warranty card or invoice.
- Inverter is damaged by man-made cause.
- Inverter is used or operated against any items in local policy.
- Inverter's installation, configuration, commissioning doesn't follow the requirements mentioned in this manual.
- Inverter is installed, refitted or operated in improper ways mentioned in this manual without authority from LIVOLTEK.
- Inverter is installed, operated under improper environment or electrical condition mentioned in this manual without authority from LIVOLTEK.
- Inverter is changed, updated or disassembled on hardware or software without authority from LIVOLTEK.
- Obtain the communication protocol from other illegal channels.
- Build monitoring, control system without authority from LIVOLTEK.
- LIVOLTEK will keep right to explain all the contents in this user manual.

# Warranty Card Registration



Dear customer, thank you for choosing LIVOLTEK product. For registering product warranty, please prepare everything ready and register on <a href="https://www.livoltek.com/registration.html">https://www.livoltek.com/registration.html</a>.

Product Information				
Product Type				
Product S/N				
Installation date				
Installation Company				
Personal Information				
Your name				
Your contact number				
Your Email address				
Your home address				

\*Warranties should be registered within 36 months of installation, however it is recommended that they are registered no more than 6 weeks following the successful installation and commissioning of the Product where possible, thanks for your cooperati



# **Contacts**

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